Statement on principal adverse impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors

Financi	ial market participant PIMCO Europe GmbH, LEI: 549300KW6332H	0XL8X85
Summa	iry	
	Europe GmbH, LEI: 549300KW6332H0XL8X85 ("PIMCO") considerability factors. The present statement is the consolidated statement on	
This sta	tement on principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors covers th	e reference period from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024.
The pri	ncipal adverse impacts considered during this period were as follows:	
1	GHG Emissions (scope 1, 2 and 3)	
2	Carbon Footprint	
3	GHG Intensity	
4	Fossil Fuel Exposure	
5	Non-Renewable Energy Consumption/Production	
5 6	Non-Renewable Energy Consumption/Production Energy Consumption Intensity per Impact High Climate Sector	

9	Hazardous Waste
10	UNGC and OECD Violations
	Processes to Monitor Compliance w.r.t the UNGC and OECD Guidelines
12	Gender Pay Gap
13	Board Gender Diversity
14	Controversial Weapons Exposure
15	GHG Intensity(Sovereign)
16	Investee countries subject to social violations
17 (Optional)	Carbon Emissions Reduction Initiatives
18 (Optional)	Lack of Anti-Corruption and Anti-Bribery Policies

Zusammenfassung

PIMCO Europe GmbH, LEI: 549300KW6332H0XL8X85 ("PIMCO") berücksichtigt die wesentlichen nachteiligen Auswirkungen ihrer Investitionsentscheidungen auf Nachhaltigkeitsfaktoren. Die vorliegende Erklärung ist die konsolidierte Erklärung zu den wesentlichen nachteiligen Auswirkungen auf Nachhaltigkeitsfaktoren von PIMCO.

Diese Erklärung zu den wesentlichen nachteiligen Auswirkungen auf Nachhaltigkeitsfaktoren umfasst den Bezugszeitraum vom 1. Januar 2024 bis zum 31. Dezember 2024.

1	Treibhausgasemissionen (Scope 1, 2 und 3)
2	CO2-Fußabdruck
3	Treibhausgasintensität
1	Exposition gegenüber fossilen Brennstoffen
5	Verbrauch/Produktion nicht erneuerbarer Energien
6	Energieverbrauchsintensität pro klimawirksamem Sektor
7	Negative Auswirkungen auf die Biodiversität
8	Emissionen ins Wasser
9	Gefährlicher Abfall
10	Verstöße gegen UNGC und OECD
11	Prozesse zur Überwachung der Einhaltung der UNGC- und OECD-Richtlinien
12	Geschlechterlohngefälle
13	Geschlechtervielfalt im Vorstand
14	Exposition gegenüber kontroversen Waffen
15	Treibhausgasintensität (Staaten))

16	Investitio	nsländer mit sozia				
17 (Option	al) Initiative	n zur Reduzierung	von CO2-Emi	ssionen		
18 (Option	al) Fehlende	Anti-Korruptions-	und Anti-Bes	techungsrich	tlinien	
			Indicators a	pplicable to	investments in investee companies	
Adverse sus indicator	stainability	Metric	Impact 2024	Impact 2023	Explanation	Actions taken, and actions planned and targets set for the next reference period
			Climate	and other e	environment-related indicators	L.
Greenhouse gas	1. GHG	Scope 1 GHG emissions	6,224,412 (tons CO2e)	4,508,597.8 (tons CO2e)	stemming from issuers with data coverage for this indicator. Coverage may vary significantly by PAI and can affect Impact figures for a given year. Data can be reported or estimated PIMCO's PAI data vendor uses breakdowns of proxy fields to differentiate between reported and estimated data. Reported data %: 88%; Estimated data: 12%	portfolios in line with the guidelines that were agreed upor with our clients. Some of our clients have provided us with guidance with respect to if and ho we should be incorporating PAIs within their portfolio, but that is
missions	emissions	Scope 2 GHG emissions	1,167,420 (tons CO2e)		Figures are based on the share of the AUM stemming from issuers with data coverage for this indicator. Coverage may vary significantly by PAI and can affect Impact figures for a given year. Data can be reported or estimated PIMCO's PAI data vendor uses proxy fields to differentiate between reported and estimated data.	currently not the case for the majority of our clients contracted with PIMCO Europe GmbH. Additionally, we are working closely with clients that are seekin advice on how to implement PAI

	Scope 3 GHG emissions	37,662,348 (tons CO2e)	28,050,321.8 (tons CO2e)	Figures are based on the share of the AUM stemming from issuers with data coverage for this indicator. Coverage may vary significantly by PAI and can affect Impact figures for a given year. Data can be reported or estimated. PIMCO's PAI data vendor uses proxy fields to differentiate between reported and estimated data. Reported data %: 0%; Estimated data %: 100%	 Internal systems. We have established a governance process that allows for a regular review of the exposure to the PAIs for PIMCO Europe GmbH.
	Total GHG emissions	44,848,200 (tons CO2e)	33,351,021.7 (tons CO2e)	given year. Data can be reported or estimated. PIMCO's PAI data vendor uses proxy fields to differentiate between reported and estimated data. Hybrid means that some emissions that conform the figure are reported (e.g. Scope 1 or 2) and some are estimated (e.g. Scope 3). Reported data %: 0%; Estimated data: 15%; Hybrid data %: 85%	platform. The objective of engagement at PIMCO is to influence change, with a view to improving risk-adjusted returns for our clients. o Environmental topics play an important part in our engagement discussions with issuer
2. Carbon footprint	Carbon footprint	CO2e/\$1m	347.4 (tons CO2e/\$1m Investment)	stemming from issuers with data coverage for this indicator. Coverage may vary significantly by PAI and can affect Impact figures for a given year. Data can be reported or estimated. PIMCO's PAI data vendor uses proxy fields to	companies, including topics such as GHG emissions, fossil fuel exposure, water, waste, pollution, and biodiversity.

				data. Hybrid means that some emissions that themes may play a more prom conform the figure are reported (e.g. Scope 1 or 2) and some are estimated (e.g. Scope 3). Reported data %: 0%; Estimated data: 15%; Hybrid data %: 85%	
3. GHG intensity of investee companies	GHG intensity of investee companies	981.4 (tons CO2e/\$1m Revenue)	CO2e/\$1m	Figures are based on the share of the AUM stemming from issuers with data coverage for this indicator. Coverage may vary significantly by PAI and can affect Impact figures for a given year. Data can be reported or estimated. PIMCO's PAI data vendor uses proxy fields to differentiate between reported and estimated data. Hybrid means that some emissions that conform the figure are reported (e.g. Scope 1 or 2) and some are estimated (e.g. Scope 3). Reported data %: 0%; Estimated data: 15%; Hybrid data %: 85%	
	Share of investments in companies active in the fossil fuel sector	6.96% (%MV)	7 (%MV)	Figures are based on the share of the AUM stemming from issuers with data coverage for this indicator. Coverage may vary significantly by PAI and can affect Impact figures for a given year.Data can be reported or estimated. PIMCO's PAI data vendor uses proxy fields to differentiate between reported and estimated data. Reported data %: 100% Estimated data %: 0%	
5. Share of non- renewable energy	Share of non- renewable energy consumption and non-renewable	66.38 (%)	75.8 (%)	Figures are based on the share of the AUM stemming from issuers with data coverage for this indicator. Coverage may vary significantly by PAI and can affect Impact figures for a	

	and production	energy production of investee companies from non-renewable energy sources compared to renewable energy sources, expressed as a percentage of total energy sources			given year. Data can be reported or estimated. PIMCO's PAI data vendor uses proxy fields to differentiate between reported and estimated data. Reported data %: 70% Estimated data %: 30%	
	6. Energy consumption intensity per high impact	of investee	1.15 (GWh / EUR million sales)	1.4 (GWh / EUR million sales)	Figures are based on the share of the AUM stemming from issuers with data coverage for this indicator. Coverage may vary significantly by PAI and can affect Impact figures for a given year.Data can be reported or estimated. PIMCO's PAI data vendor uses proxy fields to differentiate between reported and estimated data. This PAI relies on NACE codes. Reported data %: 87% Estimated data %: 13% NACE Codes – Vendor provided. A further breakdown is not available.	
Biodiversity	7. Activities negatively affecting	investee companies with sites/operations located in or near	6.02 (%MV)	0.29 (%MV)	Figures are based on the share of the AUM stemming from issuers with data coverage for this indicator. Coverage may vary significantly by PAI and can affect Impact figures for a given year. Data can be reported or estimated. PIMCO's PAI data vendor uses proxy fields to differentiate between reported and estimated data.	

Water	8. Emissions	where activities of those investee companies negatively affect those areas Tonnes of emissions to water generated by investee companies per	1.01 (metric tons/ EUR	2 (metric tons/ EUR	This metric is 100% Estimated based on reported and estimated data (ESG controversies model). A further breakdown is not available Figures are based on the share of the AUM stemming from issuers with data coverage for this indicator. Coverage may vary significantly by PAI and can affect Impact figures for a given year.Data can be reported or estimated.
water	to water	million EUR invested, expressed as a weighted average	,	Investment)	PIMCO's PAI data vendor uses proxy fields to differentiate between reported and estimated data. Reported data %: 100% Estimated data %: 0%
Waste	9. Hazardous waste and radioactive waste ratio	Tonnes of hazardous waste and radioactive waste generated by investee companies per million EUR invested, expressed as a weighted average	tons/ EUR 1m Investment)	3.1 (metric tons/ EUR 1m Investment)	Figures are based on the share of the AUM stemming from issuers with data coverage for this indicator. Coverage may vary significantly by PAI and can affect Impact figures for a given year.Data can be reported or estimated. PIMCO's PAI data vendor uses proxy fields to differentiate between reported and estimated data. Reported data %: 28% Estimated data %: 82%

Indicators for social and employee, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters

	of UN Global Compact principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	0.15 (%MV)	0.26 (%MV)	significantly by PAI and can affect Impact figures for a given year. Data can be reported or estimated PIMCO's PAI data yendor uses	that were agreed upon with our clients. Some of our clients have provided us with guidance with respect to if and how we should be incorporating PAIs within their portfolio but that is currently not the case for the majority of our clients contracted with PIMCO Europe GmbH. Additionally, we
Social and employee matters	11.Lack of processes and compliance mechanisms to monitor compliance with UN Global Compact principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	without policies to monitor compliance with the UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises or grievance /complaints		26.9 (%MV)	stemming from issuers with data coverage for this indicator. Coverage may vary	and built the tools and capabilities to track PAI exposure in our internal systems.

	principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises				platform. The objective of engagement at PIMCO is to influence change with a view to improving risk-adjusted returns for our clients.
12.Unadjuste gender pay gap	Average dunadjusted gender pay gap of investee companies	14.87 (Ratio)	17.1 (Ratio)	figures for a given year.Data can be reported or estimated. PIMCO's PAI data vendor uses proxy fields to differentiate between reported and estimated data. Reported data %: 40% Estimated data %: 63%	related topics play an important part in our engagement discussions with issuer companies, including topics such the alignment with the UN Global Compact principles, gender pay gap, gender board diversity. o Depending on data
13.Board gender diversity	Average ratio of female to male board members in investee companies, expressed as a percentage of all board members	36.57 (%)	35.6 (%)	stemming from issuers with data coverage for	than others.
14.Exposure to controversial weapons (ant personnel mines, cluster		0.02 (%MV)	0.01 (%MV)	Figures are based on the share of the AUM stemming from issuers with data coverage for this indicator. Coverage may vary significantly by PAI and can affect Impact figures for a given year. Data can be reported or estimated. PIMCO's PAI data vendor uses	

	munitions,	selling of			proxy fields to differentiate between reported	
	chemical	controversial			and estimated data.	
	weapons and	weapons			Reported data %: 100%	
	biological	1			Estimated data %: 0%	
	weapons)					
	• <i>i</i>	Indic	ators applic	able to invest	ments in sovereigns and supranationals	·
					Figures are based on the share of the AUM	• As stewards of our client's
					stemming from issuers with data coverage for	capital, we are obliged to manage
						portfolios in line with the guidelines
Environme	15.GHG	GHG intensity of			Data can be reported or estimated. PIMCO's	
ntal	intensity	investee countries	CO2e/\$1m		PAI data vendor uses proxy fields to	clients. Some of our clients have
IIIaI	mensity		GDP)	GDP)	differentiate between reported and estimated	provided us with guidance with
					data.	respect to if and how we should be
					Reported data %: 100%	incorporating PAIs within their
					Estimated data %: 0%	portfolio, but that is currently not
		Number of				the case for the majority of our
		investee countries				clients contracted with PIMCO
		subject to social			Figures are based on the share of the AUM	Europe GmbH. Additionally, we
		violations			stemming from issuers with data coverage for	are working closely with clients that
		(absolute number			this indicator. Coverage may vary	are seeking advice on now to
	16.Investee	and relative			significantly by PAI and can affect Impact	implement PAIs in their portfolios.
	countries	number divided			figures for a given year. Data can be reported	
Social	subject to	by all investee	8 (Count),	8 (Count),	figures for a given year. Data can be reported	 We have on boarded PAI-specific
500101	social	countries), as	7.2(%)	7.3 (%)	or estimated. PIMCO's PAI data vendor uses proxy fields to differentiate between reported	data from selected data providers
	violations	referred to in			and estimated data	and built the tools and capabilities
	violations	international			Reported data %: 0%	to track PAI exposure in our
		treaties and			Estimated data %: 100% (based on EU and	internal systems.
		conventions,			UN Sanction lists)	
		United Nations			,	• We have established a governance
		principles and,				process that allows for a regular
		principies and,				review of the exposure to the PAIs

	where applicable, national law				for PIMCO Europe GmbH. As one of the world's largest bond holders, we aim to have a market-leading engagement platform. The objective of engagement at PIMCO is to influence change with a view to improving risk-adjusted returns for our clients. Where possible and relevant, we look to engage with sovereign issuers on topics linked to climate targets, social violations, and countries' green bond or sustainability-linked bond frameworks. Depending on data availability and materiality, certain themes may play a more prominent 		
					availability and materiality, certain		
	Indicators applicable to investments in real estate assets						
Fossil fuels	1. Exposure to fossil fuels Share of investments in real estate	NA	NA	NA	NA		



	Indicators applicable to investments in real estate assets					
	through real estate assets	assets involved in the extraction, storage, transport or manufacture of fossil fuels				
Energy efficiency	2. Exposure to energy- inefficient real estate assets	in energy-		NA	NA	NA

Emissions	Investments in companies without carbon emission reduction initiatives	Share of investments in investee companies without carbon emission reduction initiatives aimed at aligning with the Paris Agreement	38.3 (%MV)	29.12	Figures are based on the share of the AUM stemming from issuers with data coverage for this indicator. Coverage may vary significantly by PAI and can affect Impact figures for a given year.Data can be reported or estimated. PIMCO's PAI data vendor uses proxy fields to differentiate between reported and estimated data. This metric is calculated based on reported and estimated data. A further breakdown is not available.	 portfolio, but that is currently not the case for the majority of our clients contracted with PIMCO Europe GmbH. Additionally, we sare working closely with clients that

Other indicators for principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors

			a regular review of the exposure to the PAIs for PIMCO Europe GmbH.
			• As one of the world's largest bond holders, we aim to have a market-leading engagement platform. The objective of engagement at PIMCO is to influence change with a view to improving risk-adjusted returns for our clients.
			o Environmental topics play an important part in our engagement discussions with issuer companies, including topics such as GHG emissions, fossil fuel exposure, water, waste, pollution, and biodiversity.
			o Depending on data availability and materiality, certain themes may play a more prominent role in our engagement interactions than others.

Anti- corruption/ anti-bribery	Lack of Anti- Corruption and Anti-Bribery Policies	Share of investments in entities without policies on anti- corruption and anti-bribery consistent with the United Nations Convention against Corruption	1.5 (%MV)	1.8 (%MV)	Figures are based on the share of the AUM stemming from issuers with data coverage for this indicator. Coverage may vary significantly by PAI and can affect Impact figures for a given year. Data can be reported or estimated. PIMCO's PAI data vendor uses proxy fields to differentiate between reported and estimated data. Reported data %: 100% Estimated data %: 0%	Europe GmbH. Additionally, we are working closely with clients that are seeking advice on how to implement PAIs in their portfolios.
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	platform. The objective of engagement at PIMCO is to influence change with a view to improving risk-adjusted returns for our clients.
	o Social and governance- related topics play an important part in our engagement discussions with issuer companies including topics such as the alignment with the UN Global Compact principles, gender pay gap, and gender board diversity.
	o Depending on data availability and materiality, certain themes may play a more prominent role in our engagement interactions than others.

Description of policies to identify and prioritise principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors

This document summarises our investment research policy in respect of principal adverse impacts, and may be updated from time to time.

PIMCO has implemented a principal adverse impact policy ("PAI Policy") as from 30 June 2021, to set out how we identify and take into consideration adverse sustainability impacts and indicators, in our investment research processes, and apply these to our sustainable investment offerings. This section of the document summarises certain key provisions of the PAI Policy.

The PAI Policy approaches sustainability from the perspective of the harm that investment positions might do externally to "sustainability factors", defined in the SFDR as meaning environmental, social and employee matters, respect of human rights, and corruption and anti- bribery matters, and the steps that PIMCO may take to mitigate any such harm.

At the firm level, as part of our ESG Integration, we incorporate consistent consideration of material ESG factors into our investment research process to enhance our clients' risk-adjusted returns. Material ESG factors may include but are not limited to: climate change risks, social inequality, shifting consumer preferences, regulatory risks, talent management or misconduct at an issuer, among others.

Our portfolio managers and analysts have responsibility for deploying this across the in-scope strategies.

The indicators set out in the section entitled "Other indicators for principal adverse impact" above were selected by us because we consider that they are material to our evaluation of issuers and our engagement approach. Additionally, data coverage for these indicators is relatively good and they are sector neutral and mature. Probability of occurrence and severity are not material considerations in selecting these indicators, but the availability of data can be expected to assist with assessing these. The choice of indicators is not based on quantitative factors so there is not a margin of error associated with their choice.

Data coverage is a function of our data source (MSCI) who, in turn, is generally reliant on the quality of an issuer's disclosure on a particular indicator. The materiality of these indicators is linked to our internal and external materiality assessment and our experience of dealing with issuers' ESG evaluation and engagement. Data on Principal Adverse Impacts can be subject to errors as some of the data points are estimates from vendors (for example, scope 3 GHG emissions), and issuers themselves may report errors.

PAI 4 within Table 2 - Additional climate and other environment-related indicators (Investments in companies without carbon emissions reduction initiatives) considers MSCI's Implied Temperature Rise model which uses REMIND-MagPIE Net Zero 2050 NGFS scenarios. These are two models developed at the Potsdam Institute for Climate Impact Research (PIK) that were created over a decade ago (Leimbach et al., 2010a; Lotze-Campen et al., 2008).

Engagement policies

PIMCO has implemented a shareholder engagement policy, for the purposes of SRD II. Our engagement policy sets out how we integrate shareholder engagement in our investment strategy.

Where we manage accounts which include shares with a listing on an EEA market or on a comparable market outside the EEA, the level of shareholder engagement will depend on a number of factors. While we may, in certain limited circumstances, actively engage with management on strategy, financial and non-financial performance and risk, capital structure, corporate governance or other issues, typically the level of our shareholder engagement is limited to the responsible exercise of voting rights in accordance with PIMCO's Global Proxy Voting Policy.

As one of the world's largest bond holders, we aim to have a market-leading engagement platform. The objective of engagement at PIMCO is to influence change with a view to improving returns and reducing risks for our clients. Environmental topics play an important part in our engagement discussions with issuer companies including topics such as GHG emissions (PAI 1), fossil fuel exposure (PAI 4), water (PAI 8), waste/pollution (PAI 9) and biodiversity (PAI 7). Depending on data availability and materiality, certain themes may play a more prominent role in our engagement activities focus on risk adjusted returns rather than exclusively reducing PAIs. Although our engagement activities are kept under review, they will not necessarily be adjusted if PAIs do not reduce over successive periods.

PIMCO has an ESG escalation framework. While changes may take time (years) to materialise, PIMCO analysts reinforce and follow up on ESG engagement objectives as part of their regular interactions with issuers. We have found incorporating sustainability issues into this regular dialogue across multiple touchpoints to be a highly effective method of steering for long-term improvement. Our escalation approach continues to apply consistently across assets, geographies and funds, in line with our obligation of fiduciary duty and treating clients fairly. Progress is tracked by both the interim steps taken by issuers and effective communication (e.g., responsiveness, openness to suggestions and references). If there is a need for accelerating progress, PIMCO focuses on potential breakthrough points via constructive dialogue (e.g., providing references and examples to overcome technical hurdles, or meeting with senior management)

References to international standards

Our commitment to sustainability has led PIMCO to endorse numerous codes of conduct and best practices, including through various memberships and affiliations, including:

- Becoming a signatory to the UN Principles of Responsible Investment (PRI)
- Being a participant of the United Nations Global Compact
- Using the standards of the Sustainability Account Standards Board (SASB)
- Becoming a signatory to the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)
- Being a member of the Institutional Investors Group on Climate Change (IIGCC)

These industry groups do not impose quantitative limits or thresholds (including by reference to forward-looking climate scenarios) in order to demonstrate adherence or alignment with their standards. Because these groups do not impose quantitative limits or thresholds, forward looking scenarios will not be relevant to demonstrating adherence with their standards, nor is it possible to state the degree of their alignment with the Paris Agreement. However, PAIs are relevant to them as follows:

TCFD and IIGCC concern the measurement, optimization, reporting and engagement relating to carbon emissions and fossil fuels usage. As such PAIs 1-6 and 15 in Table 1 are relevant to these standards.

As a participant in the UNGC, PIMCO will evaluate, engage with and (where appropriate) exclude issuers based on their compliance with UNGC. PAIs 10 and 11 will be relevant to this.

All PAIs are potentially relevant to our participation of PRI and SASB since they form part of our research and investment processes.

Historical comparison

As stated above, we manage client assets in line with guidelines agreed with our clients. Some clients have provided us with guidance as to if and when we should be incorporating PAIs and/or environmental or social characteristics within their portfolio. Changes in PAIs since reporting began in 2022 are likely to be indicative of client preferences and investment considerations not directly connected with environmental and social matters.

No consideration of adverse impacts of investment advice on sustainability factors

PIMCO does not consider any adverse impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors in its investment advice.

PEG is authorised to provide investment advice and is therefore making the following disclosure pursuant to Art 4(5) of SFDR. Although PEG is authorised to provide investment advice, it does not pro-actively offer this as a discrete service and, to the extent that investment advice is provided, it will typically be incidental to other services provided by PEG. Taking into account PEG's business model and the small number of mandates where it provides investment advice, PEG thinks that it would currently be disproportionately burdensome to comply with the PAI regulatory regime at the entity level and therefore does not, by default consider, in its investment advice, the principal adverse impact on sustainability factors. PEG may review this approach if the nature of its provision of investment advice changes materially.